Appendix 1 Corporate Risk Report December 2023 Risks ordered by RAG not numerically.



Generated 1/11/23

Risk Code & Description	Effect	Risk Owner	Current Risk Matrix	Control Action	Control Action Owner	Target Risk Matrix	Quarterly Update
CRR17 (473) Cause: The External Auditors audit the HDC Benefits Grant Subsidy return to the Department for Work and Pensions (DWP) on an annual basis to identify errors. Risk description The Benefit Subsidy claim may be qualified and/or financial losses. HDC has a case load with a particularly high number of working people with many changes of circumstances.				CRR.17.1 Continuously monitor the level of quality control checking CRR.17.2 An earmarked reserve for subsidy provision is now in place that would cover the loss of subsidy in the event that the upper threshold in the subsidy claim is breached.	Beccy Salmon Beccy Salmon	Likelihood	Pressure has been building in the service since the outbreak of Covid-19. In 2021/22, the HB subsidy loss breached the lower (but not upper) threshold at a cost of £65,416. Subsequently, £15,301 was offset by the DWP through underlying entitlement. In 2022/23, a 0.58% Local Authority error rate breached the upper threshold of 0.54%. This means that the pre-audit position is at a cost of £122,925. As part of a commitment to continued service improvement, including staff development, 2022/23 and 2023/24 has seen an increased amount of quality assurance measures in year. These increased measures have also been a result of the issues identified in the 2021/22 audit. This has resulted in the increased identification of error at the pre-audit stage. Around 60% of the LA error identified in 2022/23 was legacy error carried forward from the CenSus partnership. The risk for 2023/24 is that errors and extrapolations identified in the audit increase the loss of subsidy further. The forecast LA error for 2023/24 at M6 is for a pre-audit figure below the lower threshold, but with little headroom, meaning the risk remains high as any error large or extrapolated error which
							would result in a further loss of subsidy.

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CRR01b (467) Financial Cause: The Council is reliant on Central Controlled Government	Reductions in funding Adverse effect	Dominic		CRR.01b.1 Continue to keep a watching brief CRR.01b.2 Revisit the MTFS and if necessary 2023/24 budget in year. CRR.01b.3 Evaluate and	Samanth a Wilson Samanth a Wilson		Government have finalised a two-year settlement for 2023/24 and 2024/25, which has reduced the risk of changes to business rates and revenue funding through the Fair Funding Review for the short term, albeit temporarily. For 2023/24, Council tax rises, higher investment income from the rise in the Bank of England base rate and some	
funding (e.g. Business Rates). Risk: (ii) Funding from Government is less generous than assumed in the MTFS from 2025	on morale Financial Failure to achieve agreed objectives	Bradley	Likelihood	discuss with Members possible future actions to mitigate loss of income. e.g. Corporate Restructure, cuts to non-statutory services, investment and infrastructure projects that generate income.	Dominic Bradley	Likelihood	inflationary rises to fees have balanced the budget and mitigated the cost pressures from inflation and salaries. However, a £2m to £3m budget deficit is forecast at the end of the MTFS, when we implement food waste before March 2026 and / or spend our reserves without achieving a revenue return. The gap will only get larger if the funding cuts are sharper than anticipated.	
CRR38 – (479) Cause: Linked to national shortage of labour in some sectors as well as experienced professionals leaving the public sector for retirement or better pay in the private sector. Capacity problems increase turnover	Adverse effect			CRR.38.1 workforce planning, training, and development, growing your own, leadership and management programmes, apprenticeships, coaching, supporting skills and qualifications.	Robert Laban		Recruitment and retention in key services such as Legal, Building Control, Planning and Technology Services has resulted in locums and vacancies, resulting in delays	
and absence and adversely affect wellbeing and productivity levels. Risk: Inability to recruit and retain officers in key service areas, especially Legal, Building Control, Tech. Failure to have resilience in the staff structure, and so lacking the right number of staff with the right skills to deliver services, along with unrealistic expectations of	on morale Financial Failure to achieve agreed business objectives Compliance with the ices, along on morale Financial Failure to achieve agreed business objectives Compliance with regulations Complaints / claims /	Financial Failure to achieve agreed business objectives Compliance with regulations		Likelihood	CRR.38.2 Efficient and effective recruitment processes, enhancing the employer brand, recruitment benefits, such as relocation package, flexible and hybrid working, market supplements and review of pay point spinal column.	Robert Laban	Likelihood	in delivering workloads. Some service priorities are not being delivered as quickly as the Council woullike. Capacity issues slow down delivery the capital programme. Building Control now has three trainee posts filled, plus a further trainee lined in
services, which could lead to service failure, reputational damage and potential litigation.			Likelihood	CRR.38.3 Regular staff survey to be undertaken and action plans progressed	Robert Laban	Likelinood	for September 2024. Three Head of Service recruitment campaigns are underway, with interviews scheduled for mid-November 2023.	
				CRR.38.4 Review options for alternative solutions, e.g., investigating Horsham weighting allowance, increasing efficiencies in process and transformation through automation.	Dominic Bradley			

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CRR18 (474) Technological Cause: Council services are increasingly reliant on IT systems at a time when there are greater opportunities for malicious attackers to exploit security weaknesses. Risk Description Risk 1: A malicious attacker exploits a known or unknown security weakness to penetrate the Council's ICT systems. Risk 2: IT not working due to environmental and economic problems: fire, flood, power cut and issues with the supply chain preventing new infrastructure arriving in a timely manner.	Loss of key systems-disruption to Council services. Cost of investigation and recovery of systems. Fraud/theft. Loss of the integrity of Council Records. Penalties from the ICO. Adverse media coverage.	Dominic Bradley	Likelihood	CRR.18.1 Staff and Member Training CRR.18.2 Awareness of current threats CRR.18.3 An effective ICT Service delivery team CRR.18.4 Effective patching and updates to mitigate known vulnerabilities CRR.18.5 Compliance with expected security standards. (PSN, PCI-DSS) CRR.18.6 Effective policies in place which outline security requirements for users of ICT CRR.18.7 Effective back-up and recovery processes in place for Council ICT systems. CRR.18.8 Transferring the risks to the cloud provider CRR.18.9 Plan developed, approved internally, and being carried out.	Claire Ward / Robert Laban Andrea Curson	Likelihood	CRR.18.1 Ongoing, as part of induction for new staff/ Members, and as required. CRR18.2 We are following government advice re heightened Cyber Security Threats. CRR.18.5 PSN Accreditation is being worked on for 2024. CRR.18.7 Backups have been reviewed and improved. An internal audit in October 2023 gave Reasonable Assurance in respect of Cyber Security – Response & Resilience, identifying one medium issue to test the effectiveness of the Security Incident Procedure through a desk top exercise.
CRR19 (475) Cause: Uncertainty in the UK and World economy. Higher levels of salary and nonsalary costs from inflation. Impact on the financial markets and the pound in the wake of Covid-19 and the energy crisis. Likelihood of a recession and slowdown in the property and financial markets. The Government has spoken about a reduction in local government funding. Risk: Rapidly rising costs from	Financial Service Financial Service Delivery Compliance with Regulations	Dominic Bradley	Likelihood	CRR.19.2 Monitor the external environment Monitor the external environment CRR.19.3 Monitor internal indicators, particularly costs from inflation, income generation and respond appropriately to adverse trends	Samanth a Wilson Samanth a Wilson	Likelihood	The 2023/24 forecast outturn is a £0.38m deficit for the year at month 6. Rising inflation rates have increased cost pressures in utility and maintenance costs, HVO fuel and vehicle parts as well as increased staffing costs and increased housing demands. Lower levels of income are being felt in investment property rents as well as planning and building control as water neutrality restricts development. Pressure is also building on homelessness and benefits cases. These cost pressures are currently being partly offset by

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inflation. 6% inflation equates to a £1m increase in costs per year, making balancing the budget more difficult. Lower levels of income in planning fees; reduced car parking income; property income and Government funding. Increased costs from higher levels of homelessness and housing benefit claims.							additional income from our investment activities. Spending our reserves for social and wellbeing gain, without achieving a revenue return will increase the pressure over the medium term. Budget shortfalls of around £3m a year are forecast should we introduce a £1.5m p.a. 1,2,3 food waste collection.
CRR01c (468) Financial Cause: The Council is reliant on Central Controlled Government funding (e.g., Business Rates). Risk: Decrease in Rateable Value due to appeals and businesses going under. This may cause the Council to fall below the business rates baseline, resulting in loss of funding.	Reductions in funding Financial	Dominic Bradley	Likelihood	CRR.01c.1 Continue to keep a watching brief CRR.01c.2 Evaluate and discuss with Members possible actions to mitigate loss of income. e.g., investment and infrastructure projects that generate income.	Samanth a Wilson Samanth a Wilson	Discharge Likelihood	Government have finalised a two-year settlement for 2023/24 and 2024/25, which has reduced the risk of changes to business rates and revenue funding through the Fair Funding Review for the short term, albeit temporarily. For 2023/24, Council tax rises, higher investment income from the rise in the Bank of England base rate and some inflationary rises to fees have balanced the budget and mitigated the cost pressures from inflation and salaries. A similar balanced budget is targeted in 2024/25. However, a £2 to £3m at the end of the MTFS, largely driven by inflation, implementing food waste collection and / or spend our reserves without achieving a revenue return. The gap will also only get larger if the funding cuts are sharper than anticipated.
CRR05 (471) Governance Cause: Managers are responsible for ensuring that controls to mitigate risks are consistently applied.	Failure of business objectives	Dominic Bradley	ped	CRR.05.1 Officer training	Dominic Bradley	ped	The Annual Governance Statement actions in the 2023/24 action plan are being implemented. Two were carried through from 2022/23 where progress was made, but are being embedded in 2023/24:

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Risk: Officers are either unaware of expected controls or do not comply with control procedures.	Health & Safety Financial			CRR.05.3 All Service Managers required to sign an Assurance Statement. (By 30th June Annually) (Cyclical)	Bradley		- Training and roll out of tracking and report sign off through Modern.gov is in progress.
	Service Delivery Compliance			CRR.05.4 "Cultural compliance" Internal Audits identify service-based issues and help managers to resolve these.	Dominic Bradley		- The Council's management of bullying and harassment is well underway, with training and workshops held, and policies updated, but the awareness and learning are not yet fully embedded Procurement training is being delivered
	Regulations Personal Privacy Infringement Reputation damage			CRR.05.5 Programme of training and information to ensure all managers understand their roles.	Dominic Bradley		to services. Procurement will see significant changes when the revised Procurement Act is introduced in 2024. The internal audit opinions issued to date in 2023/24 have either been substantial or reasonable. Three minor information breaches have occurred to the Council's third parties in 2023/24, which are being managed by the third parties.
CRR02 (469) Managerial / Professional Cause: The Council has a legal obligation to protect personal data.	People and businesses			CRR.02.1 Develop appropriate processes & procedures which underpin the IT Security Policy	Andrea Curson / Lauren Kelly		CRR02.3 An induction programme is established, and new staff are completing IS training as part of probation, where
The Information Commissioners powers are much more far reaching when they changed in May 2018 with the introduction of the GDPR (now UK GDPR).	come to harm and suffer loss that might not otherwise have occurred Complaints /			CRR.02.3 Provide a programme of Induction and at least annual training on Information Security to all staff.	Robert Laban		relevant. There will be regular updates and additional training provided where necessary, as and when topical issues emerge, in a fast-moving environment that poses IS threats. A refresher course on e-learning will be scheduled for early
Risk 1: Major data breach or leak of	claims / litigation	Dominic		CRR.02.4 Annual PSN Accreditation	Andrea Curson		next year for all staff.
sensitive information to a third party. Risk 2: Risk of warnings, reprimands and enforcement notices for noncompliance by the ICO under the UK GDPR. Also, risk of significant fines in the most serious cases.	consumed in	Bradley	Likelihood	CRR.02.5 Representatives from each department meet to maintain compliance, updates and training	Lauren Kelly	Likelihood	CRR02.4 PSN Accreditation 2023 awarded. CRR.02.05 Due to minor personal data breaches and the risk of major ones, a Personal Data Breach Awareness presentation was delivered through Teams' meetings during Summer 2022 and refresher sessions continue annually. Member training was completed in Summer 2022 and updated during the election induction.

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CRR03 (470 Legal <u>Cause</u> : The Civil Contingencies Act places a legal obligation upon the	People and businesses			CRR.03.1 Update corporate business continuity plan and regular review.	Robert Laban		CRR.03.1 Plan is up to date. All
Council, with partners, to assess the risk of, plan, and exercise for emergencies, as well as undertaking emergency and business continuity	come to harm and suffer loss that might not otherwise have			CRR.03.2 Update departmental business continuity plans and regular review.	Robert Laban		Neighbourhood Wardens have been trained as Rest Centre Managers and are earmarked for Incident Liaison Officer training later in the year to provide a tactical response at bronze level.
management. The Council is also responsible for warning and informing the public in relation to emergencies, and for advising local	occurred Complaints / claims /		Dead				Consideration is given to establish a process/ rota for senior managers to manage emergencies.
businesses. <u>Risk</u> : The Council is found to have failed to fulfil its obligations under	Resources consumed in	Dominic Bradley				pedu	CRR.03.2 All Business Continuity plans are up to date as of October 2023.
the Act in the event of a civil emergency.	defending claims Financial losses	Likelihood	ITO ADDRESS NAME NEOCODILIZACE I	Robert Laban	Likelihood	CRR.03.2 All Business Continuity plans were updated in 2022/23. A sample was tested in Q4 with the service heads.	
	Censure by regulators Reputation						CRR.03.5 Hybrid bitesize workshops are starting again from April for: Response, BC, Recovery, Rest Centre ops.
	damaged						Review of incidents for lessons learnt.
CRR06 (472)	People come to			CRR.06.2 H&S Management Forum reviews corporate inspection strategy quarterly.	Robert Laban / Health & Safety Officer		
Physical Cause: The Council is responsible for the health & safety of its clients, staff, and other stakeholders, owns and maintains significant assets, and also has responsibility for H&S in some partner organisations where it does not have operational control. Risk: A health & safety failure occurs.	harm Complaints/clai ms/ litigation Financial losses Censure by audit / inspection			CRR.06.3 Training programme includes annual refreshers on a rolling programme. All mandatory training must be completed as part of probation	Robert Laban	реф	Risk assessments are being undertaken, reviewed, and updated. Refresher training on e-learning for all staff has been set for Fire Safety, starting in mid-November 2023.
	damage Adverse effect on morale Stress and	Likelihood	CRR.06.01 Risk assessments undertaken	Robert Laban / Health & Safety Officer	Likelihood	A Personal Safety of Staff and Lone Working audit (draft) has suggested Reasonable Assurance.	
	absenteeism			CRR.06.04 H&S Officer regularly reviews high risk areas	Robert Laban		

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				CRR.34.1 Regularly check accounts of key suppliers	Heads of Service		
				CRR.34.2 Check public liability insurance of key suppliers	Heads of Service		
CRR34 (477)	Financial			CRR.34.3 Ask for key suppliers' business continuity plans	Heads of Service		The impact of the world shortage of building supplies remains uncertain. Risk of inflation, interest rate rise, and
Cause: Uncertainty in the UK and World economy. Instability and high-profile failures. Risk: Key contractor failure		Dominic Bradley	Likelihood	CRR.34.4 Consider whether the failure of a key supplier needs to go in service business continuity plan	Heads of Service	Likelihood	recession are being monitored. Some suppliers are starting to come forward to increase prices outside of the contract, which is being resisted. Key contracts are reviewed as part of the ongoing contact management arrangements and officers have been reminded to check the financial health of key suppliers and be ready for Plan B.
CRR37 (478) Source: Requirement to adopt an up-to-date				CRR.37.1 Joint working with partners to develop water neutrality mitigation strategy	Catherin e Howe		A water mitigation strategy has been agreed (known as a Part C document) was agreed in November 2022. A water
Local Plan by end 2023 in accordance with government requirements Risk: Delay to plan preparation due to the requirement of the plan to demonstrate water neutrality, or as a result of significant / unexpected changes to government guidance.	Economic damage to district as a result of limits to development which can take place	Barbara Childs	Likelihood	CRR.37.2 Keep watching brief on government messaging on planning reforms	Catherin e Howe	Likelihood	Neutrality project Manager is now in post and is developing the Sussex North Offsetting Water Neutrality Scheme (known as SNOWs). This work is ongoing. There are still significant resource implications to enable this scheme to become operational, but there is now sufficient evidence available to allow the Local Plan to progress to the Regulation 19 stage of consultation.